

Details Report for: 39-5012.00 - Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists

Updated 2015 Bright Outlook

Provide beauty services, such as shampooing, cutting, coloring, and styling hair, and massaging and treating scalp. May apply makeup, dress wigs, perform hair removal, and provide nail and skin care services.

Sample of reported job titles: Barber Stylist, Cosmetologist, Hair Dresser, Hair Stylist, Hairdresser, Hairstylist, Manager Stylist, Nail Technician

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Tasks Save Table (XLS/CSV)

Importance	Category	ask
99	Core	Keep work stations clean and sanitize tools such as scissors and combs.
92	Core	Cut, trim and shape hair or hairpieces, based on customers' instructions, hair type an facial features, using clippers, scissors, trimmers and razors.
91	Core	Analyze patrons' hair and other physical features to determine and recommend beau treatment or suggest hair styles.
90	Core	Schedule client appointments.
89	Core	Bleach, dye, or tint hair, using applicator or brush.
88	Core	Update and maintain customer information records, such as beauty services provided
87	Core	Shampoo, rinse, condition and dry hair and scalp or hairpieces with water, liquid soap or other solutions.
85	Core	Operate cash registers to receive payments from patrons.
85	Core	Demonstrate and sell hair care products and cosmetics.
83	Core	Develop new styles and techniques.

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Tools & Technology Save Table (XLS/CSV)

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Tools used in this occupation:

- O Applicator brushes Dye application brushes; Tint application brushes
- Barrettes Butterfly hair clamps; Duckbill hair clamps; Hair clips; Hair pins
- Domestic hair dryers Handheld hair dryers; Hooded hair dryers
- Electric hair clipper Handheld electric hair clippers
- Hair combs or brushes Rat tail combs; Round brushes; Teasing combs; Wide-tooth combs (see all 9 examples)

- G Hair or curling iron Curling irons; Flat irons
- Hair scissors Hair thinning scissors; Haircutting scissors
- Hot rollers Heated hair curlers
- Manicure implements Cuticle nippers; Cuticle scissors; Nail buffers; Nail cleaning brushes (see all 6 examples)
- Nail clippers Fingernail clippers
- Notebook computers Laptop computers
- Razors Straight razors
- Stop watch Digital timers

Technology used in this occupation:

- Accounting software Intuit QuickBooks software
- **O** Calendar and scheduling software Appointment scheduling software
- O Data base user interface and query software Customer information databases
- Office suite software Microsoft Office software
- Point of sale POS software Sale processing software
- Spreadsheet software Microsoft Excel 4
- Word processing software Microsoft Word

💑 Hot Technology — a technology requirement frequently included in employer job postings.

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Knowledge Save Table (XLS/CSV)

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Importance	Knowledge	
63	0	Customer and Personal Service — Knowledge of principles and processes for providing customer and personal services. This includes customer needs assessment, meeting quality standards for services, and evaluation of customer satisfaction.
55	0	English Language — Knowledge of the structure and content of the English language including the meaning and spelling of words, rules of composition, and grammar.
52	0	Chemistry — Knowledge of the chemical composition, structure, and properties of substances and of the chemical processes and transformations that they undergo. This includes uses of chemicals and their interactions, danger signs, production techniques, and disposal methods.
49	0	Administration and Management — Knowledge of business and management principles involved in strategic planning, resource allocation, human resources modeling, leadership technique, production methods, and coordination of people and resources.
48	0	Education and Training — Knowledge of principles and methods for curriculum and training design, teaching and instruction for individuals and groups, and the measurement of training effects.
44	•	Sales and Marketing — Knowledge of principles and methods for showing, promoting, and selling products or services. This includes marketing strategy and tactics, product demonstration, sales techniques, and sales control systems.
34	•	Mathematics — Knowledge of arithmetic, algebra, geometry, calculus, statistics, and their applications.
28	•	Psychology — Knowledge of human behavior and performance; individual differences in ability, personality, and interests; learning and motivation; psychological research methods; and the assessment and treatment of behavioral and affective disorders.

Communications and Media — Knowledge of media production, communication, and dissemination techniques and methods. This includes alternative ways to inform and entertain via written, oral, and visual media.

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Law and Government — Knowledge of laws, legal codes, court procedures, precedents, government regulations, executive orders, agency rules, and the democratic political process.

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Skills	Save	Table	(XLS/CSV)
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Importance	Skill		
72	• Active Listening — Giving full attention to what other people are saying, taking time to understand the points being made, asking questions as appropriate, and not interrupting at inappropriate times.		
66	Service Orientation — Actively looking for ways to help people.		
63	• Critical Thinking — Using logic and reasoning to identify the strengths and weaknesses of alternative solutions, conclusions or approaches to problems.		
63	Speaking — Talking to others to convey information effectively.		
60	• Active Learning — Understanding the implications of new information for both current and future problem-solving and decision-making.		
60	• Judgment and Decision Making — Considering the relative costs and benefits of potential actions to choose the most appropriate one.		
60	• Social Perceptiveness — Being aware of others' reactions and understanding why they react a they do.		
56	• Complex Problem Solving — Identifying complex problems and reviewing related information develop and evaluate options and implement solutions.		
53	Coordination — Adjusting actions in relation to others' actions.		
53	• Monitoring — Monitoring/Assessing performance of yourself, other individuals, or organization to make improvements or take corrective action.		

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Abilities Save Table (XLS/CSV)

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Importance	Ability	
78	• Arm-Hand Steadiness — The ability to keep your hand and arm steady while moving your arm or while holding your arm and hand in one position.	
78	• Manual Dexterity — The ability to quickly move your hand, your hand together with your arm, your two hands to grasp, manipulate, or assemble objects.	
75	• Finger Dexterity — The ability to make precisely coordinated movements of the fingers of one of both hands to grasp, manipulate, or assemble very small objects.	
72	• Oral Comprehension — The ability to listen to and understand information and ideas presented through spoken words and sentences.	
66	• Near Vision — The ability to see details at close range (within a few feet of the observer).	
66	• Oral Expression — The ability to communicate information and ideas in speaking so others will understand.	

66	•	Originality — The ability to come up with unusual or clever ideas about a given topic or situation, or to develop creative ways to solve a problem.
66	0	Speech Recognition — The ability to identify and understand the speech of another person.
63	•	Visualization — The ability to imagine how something will look after it is moved around or when its parts are moved or rearranged.
60	•	Fluency of Ideas — The ability to come up with a number of ideas about a topic (the number of ideas is important, not their quality, correctness, or creativity).

Work Activities Save Table (XLS/CSV)

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Importance	Work Activity	
89	• Performing for or Working Directly with the Public — Performing for people or dealing directly with the public. This includes serving customers in restaurants and stores, and receiving clients or guests.	
86	• Thinking Creatively — Developing, designing, or creating new applications, ideas, relationships, systems, or products, including artistic contributions.	
80	• Updating and Using Relevant Knowledge — Keeping up-to-date technically and applying new knowledge to your job.	
76	• Assisting and Caring for Others — Providing personal assistance, medical attention, emotional support, or other personal care to others such as coworkers, customers, or patients.	
70	• Getting Information — Observing, receiving, and otherwise obtaining information from all relevant sources.	
68	• Establishing and Maintaining Interpersonal Relationships — Developing constructive and cooperative working relationships with others, and maintaining them over time.	
67	• Performing General Physical Activities — Performing physical activities that require considerable use of your arms and legs and moving your whole body, such as climbing, lifting, balancing, walking, stooping, and handling of materials.	
66	• Making Decisions and Solving Problems — Analyzing information and evaluating results to choose the best solution and solve problems.	
66	 Provide Consultation and Advice to Others — Providing guidance and expert advice to management or other groups on technical, systems-, or process-related topics. 	
65	• Handling and Moving Objects — Using hands and arms in handling, installing, positioning, and moving materials, and manipulating things.	

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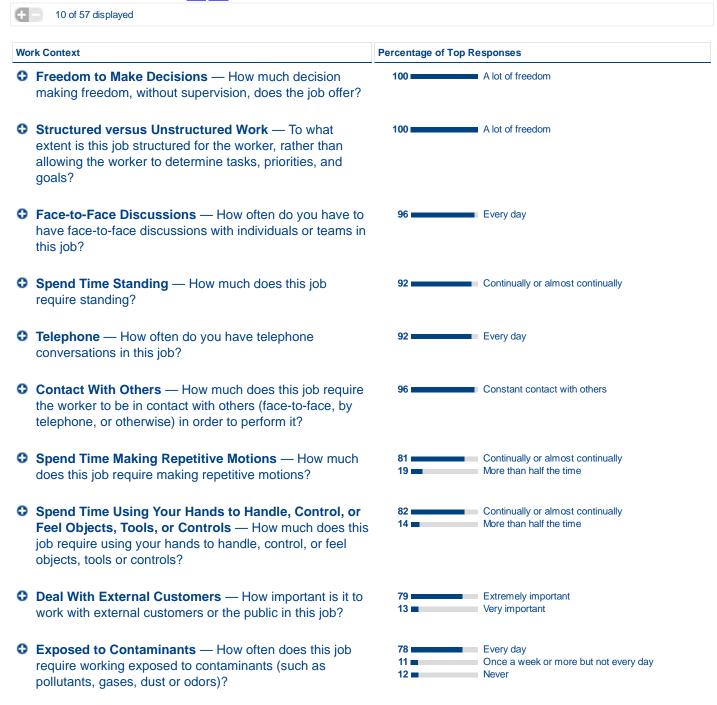
Detailed Work Activities Save Table (XLS/CSV)

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- Clean tools or equipment.
- Clean work areas or facilities.
- C Trim client hair.
- Apply cleansing or conditioning agents to client hair, scalp, or skin.
- Administer therapeutic massages.
- Provide medical or cosmetic advice for clients.
- Groom wigs or hairpieces.

- Assess skin or hair conditions.
- Promote products, services, or programs.
- Schedule appointments.

Work Context Save Table (XLS/CSV)



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Job Zone Save Table (XLS/CSV)

Title Job Zone Three: Medium Preparation Needed

Education	Most occupations in this zone require training in vocational schools, related on-the-job experience, or an associate's degree.
Related Experience	Previous work-related skill, knowledge, or experience is required for these occupations. For example, an electrician must have completed three or four years of apprenticeship or several years of vocational training, and often must have passed a licensing exam, in order to perform the job.
Job Training	Employees in these occupations usually need one or two years of training involving both on-the-job experience and informal training with experienced workers. A recognized apprenticeship program may be associated with these occupations.
Job Zone Examples	These occupations usually involve using communication and organizational skills to coordinate, supervise, manage, or train others to accomplish goals. Examples include food service managers, electricians, agricultural technicians, legal secretaries, occupational therapy assistants, and medical assistants.
SVP Range	(6.0 to < 7.0)

Education

Percentage of Respondents	Education Level Required
74	Post-secondary certificate
20	Some college, no degree
6	High school diploma or equivalent 🥐
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Credentials



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Interests	Save Table	(<u>XLS/CSV</u>)
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All 6 displayed (4 important)		
Occupational Interest	Interest	
89	• Artistic — Artistic occupations frequently involve working with forms, designs and patterns. The often require self-expression and the work can be done without following a clear set of rules.	
72	• Enterprising — Enterprising occupations frequently involve starting up and carrying out projects. These occupations can involve leading people and making many decisions. Sometimes they require risk taking and often deal with business.	
61	• Social — Social occupations frequently involve working with, communicating with, and teaching people. These occupations often involve helping or providing service to others.	
56	Realistic — Realistic occupations frequently involve work activities that include practical, hands-on problems and solutions. They often deal with plants, animals, and real-world materials like wood, tools, and machinery. Many of the occupations require working outside, and do not involve a lot of paperwork or working closely with others.	

- Conventional Conventional occupations frequently involve following set procedures and routines. These occupations can include working with data and details more than with ideas. Usually there is a clear line of authority to follow.
- Investigative Investigative occupations frequently involve working with ideas, and require an extensive amount of thinking. These occupations can involve searching for facts and figuring out problems mentally.

Work Styles Save Table (XLS/CSV)

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Importance	Work Style
94	• Cooperation — Job requires being pleasant with others on the job and displaying a good-natured, cooperative attitude.
93	• Attention to Detail — Job requires being careful about detail and thorough in completing work tasks.
93	• Integrity — Job requires being honest and ethical.
93	• Self Control — Job requires maintaining composure, keeping emotions in check, controlling anger, and avoiding aggressive behavior, even in very difficult situations.
92	• Dependability — Job requires being reliable, responsible, and dependable, and fulfilling obligations.
88	• Innovation — Job requires creativity and alternative thinking to develop new ideas for and answers to work-related problems.
87	• Concern for Others — Job requires being sensitive to others' needs and feelings and being understanding and helpful on the job.
86	• Social Orientation — Job requires preferring to work with others rather than alone, and being personally connected with others on the job.
85	• Independence — Job requires developing one's own ways of doing things, guiding oneself with little or no supervision, and depending on oneself to get things done.
85	Initiative — Job requires a willingness to take on responsibilities and challenges.

Work Values Save Table (XLS/CSV)

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Extent	Work Value	
89	• Relationships — Occupations that satisfy this work value allow employees to provide service to others and work with co-workers in a friendly non-competitive environment. Corresponding needs are Co-workers, Moral Values and Social Service.	
67	• Independence — Occupations that satisfy this work value allow employees to work on their own and make decisions. Corresponding needs are Creativity, Responsibility and Autonomy.	
50	• Achievement — Occupations that satisfy this work value are results oriented and allow employees to use their strongest abilities, giving them a feeling of accomplishment. Corresponding needs are Ability Utilization and Achievement.	
36	• Working Conditions — Occupations that satisfy this work value offer job security and good working conditions. Corresponding needs are Activity, Compensation, Independence, Security, Variety and Working Conditions.	

- Recognition Occupations that satisfy this work value offer advancement, potential for leadership, and are often considered prestigious. Corresponding needs are Advancement, Authority, Recognition and Social Status.
- Support Occupations that satisfy this work value offer supportive management that stands behind employees. Corresponding needs are Company Policies, Supervision: Human Relations and Supervision: Technical.

Related Occupations Save Table (XLS/CSV)

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25-2011.00	Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education
25-3021.00	Self-Enrichment Education Teachers
31-9011.00	Massage Therapists 🗢
31-9091.00	Dental Assistants 🔅 Bright Outlook
39-5011.00	Barbers
39-5092.00	Manicurists and Pedicurists
39-5093.00	Shampooers
39-5094.00	Skincare Specialists
39-9031.00	Fitness Trainers and Aerobics Instructors

51-6052.00 <u>Tailors, Dressmakers, and Custom Sewers</u>

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Wages & Employment Trends



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics 2015 wage data 🚱 and 2014-2024 employment projections 🔂. "Projected growth" represents the estimated change in total employment over the projections period (2014-2024). "Projected job openings" represent openings due to growth and replacement.

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Job Openings on the Web



Sources of Additional Information

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Disclaimer: Sources are listed to provide additional information on related jobs, specialties, and/or industries. Links to non-DOL Internet sites are provided for your convenience and do not constitute an endorsement.

• Barbers, hairdressers, and cosmetologists d. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor. Occupational Outlook Handbook, 2016-17 Edition.

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